

Week Two

Attachment

	Title of Task	Tick when complete
Task One	Key terms and definitions	
Task Two	Research Lorenz's experiment	
Task Three	Describe Harlow's study on attachment	

Task One

Match up the terms with the definitions.

Key Term	Definition
	Responses between a caregiver and a child
	Actions and emotions between a caregiver and a child are mirrored by each other
	An infant will try to stay close to the person that they have an attachment with
	Anxious behaviour shown by the infant when the caregiver goes away
	An infant will make regular contact with their caregiver even whilst they are displaying independent behaviour such as playing with toys away from the caregiver
	The bond between an infant and its caregiver
	An infant's anxiety response to unfamiliar adults
<i>Reciprocity, Stranger Anxiety, Interactional Synchrony, Separation Anxiety, Attachment, Proximity Behaviour, Secure-Base Behaviour</i>	

Task Two

Konrad Lorenz - Imprinting in Greylag Geese

Watch this clip about Lorenz's research and answer the questions at the bottom.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2UIU9XH-mUI>



Questions

1. What is imprinting?
2. When does imprinting happen?
3. What is the critical period?

Task Three

Look up the following study on the internet and summarise why the study was carried out and also what happened in the study. Use the headings below to help

You can also see a clip of the study here:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=1&v=_O60TYA1gC4&feature=emb_logo

Harry Harlow - Rhesus Negative Monkeys

Aim

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Procedure

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Findings

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Conclusion

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State one thing that was **bad** about the study and one thing that was **good** about the study.

Good Point

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Bad Point

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